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DANVILLE, KY.  
FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1853.

NEWS ITEMS.

BY SCHOONER AND PAPER-DRIVER.

The population of the Australian Colonies is estimated at seven hundred thousand.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe was in Paris at the latest date. She was attracting no attention whatever.

The contributions to the Washington National Monument for the month of June, were \$1047 45.

It is rumored in Washington that Senator Gwin, of California, has been killed in a duel with one McCorkle.

General Scott's sole remaining unmarried daughter was married, on Wednesday, to a gentleman in Baltimore.

It is said the grave of James Madison, twice President of the United States, can not now be recognized.

Dr. W. Newton Mercer, of N. Orleans, has contributed \$1,000 to the City National Monument Fund.

The body of Isham H. Graves, Esq., of Louisville, who was lately drowned below Evansville, has been recovered.

The London Times expresses the opinion that England, in the former period, was as prosperous as at the present time.

It is said that Fort Kearny is to be deserted after this year's emigration is passed, and the troops withdrawn from that vicinity.

Accounts from the Green River country all agree that there will not be more than from a third to a half crop of tobacco raised this year.

The Elizabethtown Register says that the county of Hardin has determined to grant no more licenses for the sale of liquor by the dram.

The Belknapian and Indianapolis Herald is completed, and a train of cars goes through from Terre Haute to Cleveland on last Saturday.

Thus, Mewhinny, aged sixty years, was lately killed by his own son, near Peoria, Ind., who stabbed the old man with a hunting knife.

The Paducah Democrat has placed the name of Jeff Brown at the head of its paper as the independent candidate for Congress, in the First District.

Charles Fowler, of this city, a youth 19 years of age, and son of Thomas Fowler, was drowned in the river at Vancburg on Tuesday afternoon.

*Maysville Eagle.*

Hon. R. J. Walker, Minister to China, and General James Keenan, Consul at Hong Kong, expect to leave New York about the 20th of September, for London, en route for China.

On Saturday last 200 head of two year old mules were sold in Mason county in this State, at \$150 per head. H. D. & McCann, of Fayette county, were the purchasers.

The Minnesota Legislature has incorporated a company to build a rail road from the Falls of St. Anthony to Puget's Sound on the Pacific. Distance estimated at 1,765 miles.

The Georgia papers represent the corn crop in some parts of the State as entirely destroyed, owing to the great drought which prevails. The young cotton is also more or less injured. There has been no rain for three months.

A negro man belonging to Dr. McSwain, of Falmouth, and a girl belonging to Mr. Ed. Pearce, ran off on Saturday night. They stole a horse and over \$200 in silver from Mr. Samuel Kearns and crossed the river at Cabin creek. — *Maysville Eagle*

CALIFORNIA NEWS.

NEW YORK, July 11.—The steamer Illinois has arrived from Aspinwall, with 1,000 passengers to the 16th, with \$1,656,000.

The Carrier Pigeon went ashore on the 16th of June, at Point New York, 30 miles south of San Francisco. Two caravans were sent to wreck her. 1,200 packages of light merchandise was broken. The last accounts from her was that she was breaking to pieces.

A duel was fought Sunday evening, near Mission D'ale, between Edward Tracy, assistant Alderman of San Francisco, and Doctor Alfred Crane, late of Alameda, La. At the second fire Tracy through the body, and died Sunday evening.

A duel was also fought near San Francisco, between Thomas Hays, Assistant Alderman, and John Neugent, editor of the Hera. Distance 20 paces, weapons pistols. At the second shot, Neugent was wounded. When the steamer left, his wound was considered critical.

Mention is made of the reported duel between Senator Gwin and Mr. McCorkle.

The duel between Senators Gwin and Mr. McCorkle, was fought on the 23d. Three ineffectual shots were fired, when the latter was amicably adjested.

The weather was very warm, and the thermometer ranged from 98 to 102 in the shade.

The mining news from all quarters is cheering.

Life in the interior has greatly improved. Money is easier. Flour is in favor, demand at \$12 50. Corn is in excess at \$2 50.

An attempt at a revolution was made at Bogota on the 11th June. Several of the ring-leaders were shot. Gen. Herrera attempted to call out the troops, but the officers in command refused to comply.

The yellow fever was raging at Cartagena. Troops were daily despatched, and a general convocation was inevitable.

The steamer Columbia from San Francisco, arrived at Panama on the 26th.

An English mail steamer arrived on the 27th, with dates from September the 1st, and Lima to the 22d of June. W. F. Hayes, of Valparaiso, bearer of despatches, and Mr. Holman, Secretary of Legation, were passengers.

The prospects for war between Peru and Bolivia, are increasing.

Joshua F. Speed, Esq., was on Friday elected President of the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad Company.

CORRECTED.

For the Kentucky Tribune.

From Lexington.

[This letter reached us too late for insertion last week.]

LEXINGTON, July 6, 1853.

Had it not been for your admonitory switch, reminding me that I had promised to write you, I would not take my pen in hand to enlighten your mind on Lexington topics.

As I do not choose to make an innovation upon old customs, I firmly established as Modest Person (so I will make mention of that ever changing, always new, old yet eternally old subject of remarks—the weather. Until last Sunday evening, it was very warm—the thermometer ranging from 90 to 100 in the shade. The water and trees were verdant, and that coolness was appropriate, reached the edge of the city, however speaking, who can no longer care on his mind to seek the shade of the house, fan himself with his *chapeau*, and wife the perspiration from his piz with his coat and. But since Sunday, we have had beautiful, seasonable weather—warm sunshiny partly neutralized by a fainting breeze from the region of sunset.

The gaudy 4th passed off quite with less nothing being done, one exception in an associated capacity in the way of demonstrating their joy at the return of the patriotic day of America. However, Dr. R. J. Breckinridge delivered a Temperance address in the Hall of Morrison College on that day, which had a fine effect on the Temperance men—giving new vigor to the strong and confirming the weak. The people in Fayettes are wide awake, and seem determined to have a Law prohibiting the sale of the “heverage,” and I feel free to say, that if the same feeling pervades the masses throughout the State, which seems to pervade the people in this county, the Temperance movement is triumphant. The people have applied the existing law to the great sore which is oppressing the strength and destroying the happiness of our community; but find that it does not cure the disease, and now think of resorting to something more effectual. They have, like the old man in the spelling-book, for a long time been pestling the flappers in ardent spirits with grass; but, now they are thinking of trying whether or not there be any virtue in stones.

Messrs. Leecher and Breckinridge gave us a “taste of their quality” this week.

Tuesday evening, our gallant old standard-bearer delivered a speech of nearly two hours in length, the equal of which I have not heard for many a day. It appealed to the good, practical sense of every man, and was entirely devoid of that sophistry and urged eloquence which so much characterized the efforts of his competitor. Mr. Leecher's oratory is not of the highest order—indeed, much inferior to that of his opponent—but can not be equalled in his honest, good-humored countenance, his well-odd and pointed anecdotes, and last, though not least, his indomitable arguments. Mr. Breckinridge made a brief speech of a few minutes, and made an appearance for himself on Wednesday evening, which made a speech of about two hours and a half in length, followed in a true meeting by G. W. Leecher.

I believe the general impression is that Mr. Leecher will be beaten. His adherents are very active. The Whigs are at their posts, ready to the emergency notwithstanding. Many of the old Whigs who, at the last Congressional election, voted for Mr. Breckinridge, in various considerations—thinking that it was politic on some occasions to vote for men, not principles—have again returned to line, and are now fighting under that same glorious flag, which they had lost under a man of him, whose virtues now belong to the past.

Yours as ever,

N. R. N.

For the Kentucky Tribune.

At VERNON, KY., June 28, 1853.

MESSRS. EDITORS:

Our citizens were favored with an address on “Political and Educational Reform in Kentucky,” by R. M. Bradley, Esq., at a meeting which came off at this place June 27th, in the county court house.

A large crowd of ladies and gentlemen listened with undivided attention to his eloquent remarks. He spoke about two hours and a half, and all were fully satisfied with his address.

Miss HARRIET GABRIEL, formerly of Ohio, was present, with the large number of young ladies attending her school.—

Miss G. is a lady of rare accomplishments, and has the full confidence of this town. She added much to the interest of the meeting by an excellent piece of music performed by her, in connection with her scholars.

In the course of his remarks, Mr. Bradley besought a well-meeted compliment to Dr. R. J. Breckinridge, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for the zeal and ability he has brought to bear in the widespread dissemination of correct educational principles. He had condemned almost single-handed with the gigantic power of the State, in endeavor to wrestle the plumb from the children of the State, which was designed for their educational advancement. He regarded Dr. Breckinridge as a man of the greatest ability and as self-sacrificing in his devotion to educational reform.

He spoke also of the Midway Female School, designed, we believe, to educate orphan females, and to prepare them for useful membership in society.

He alluded to highly commendatory efforts of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Danville, under the direction of John A. Jacobs, Esq., whom more moral, intelligent, and high-toned gentlemen could not be found.

Judging from the interest manifested by Mr. Bradley, it is evident that the members of the association are well satisfied with his address.

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# THE TRIBUNE.



IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH.

FOR CONGRESS,  
COL. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,  
OF ADAIR COUNTY.

For the Legislature—Boyle County,  
W. C. ANDERSON.

DANVILLE, KY.,  
Friday Morning, July 15, 1853.

## The Election.

Two weeks from Monday next, is the day upon which the people of Kentucky will be called upon to choose their Representatives in the National and State Legislatures. Let the Whigs be ready and at their posts on that day, for they may be well assured that then a desperate effort will be made to deliver the State of Kentucky into Locofooco hands. This is no hobgoblin, created for the purpose of frightening Whigs into the performance of their duty. Both parties throughout the Union are regarding the present political movements in this State with the greatest degree of interest. Here the glorious old Whig banner is still borne aloft, with but a single stain to mar its purity. That it should fail in the dust, and those who have so long rallied, fought and triumphed under its broad folds, be defeated, is the ardent hope of the Locofoocos, and the fear of the Whigs in every part of the Union. Will the Whigs of Kentucky stand idle and permit such a desecration?—will they desert that banner?—or will they not rather send a thrill of joy through every Whig heart, by giving an increased majority in favor of Whig men and measures?

Rain.—Our town and vicinity were blessed with fine refreshing rains on Saturday afternoon and Monday last. All nature seems to have been revived, and every one should feel grateful to His "who doeth all things well."

The eyes of all the legitimate sons of wisdom will be open to us, for all we can do is to be true to our friends, and to be true to our friends.

ONCE on this side of the well-known Dangerous Rooms, adjoining the House of Lords. His pictures compare favorably with those taken by any other artist we have ever had among us, in their perception of finish and correctness of likeness. We even had our phiz copied a few days since, to our entire satisfaction. We are confident that the likeness taken of us, cannot be excelled.

Mr. D. is now taking pictures of a new style—"the illuminated daguerreotype"—several specimens of which may be seen at his rooms.

SALE OF MULES.—A sale of 200 yearling mules was made in our county a few days ago, by A. G. Talbot, Esq., to Messrs. J. S. Hopkins and A. D. Meyer, at \$32,000 for the lot.

When any of our exchanges hereafter feel like boasting of large sales of stock made in their respective localities, it will be well enough for them to remember this, which is the largest we have ever heard of being effected in the State.

BRYANT'S SPRINGS.—Messrs. Bryant & Leavel, about one mile from Crab Orchard, are this season better prepared than ever to accommodate those who desire the benefit of the valuable mineral waters to be found in abundance on their place.—Their buildings are commodious, and comfortable, their tables always well supplied with the very best the country affords, their servants attentive, and as for the landlord and his lady—a more pleasant, sociable and accommodating couple than Mr. and Mrs. Bryant, never exerted themselves to please their guests. Such of our readers as wish to enjoy a visit to the Springs, without the "noise and confusion" attendant upon crowded watering places, cannot choose a better place than Bryant & Leavel's.

Our correspondence this week will be found very interesting. The letter from Capt. Southern, of Indiana, Texas (formerly of this place,) in regard to the reported gold mines in that State, &c., will be read with interest—as also those from Lexington, Crab Orchard and Mt. Vernon. We hope our letter-writing friends will let us hear from them often.

APRICOTS.—We are indebted to our clever friends, G. H. WITHERS & Co., of the "Boyle Gardens," for several large and delicious Apricots grown on their grounds this season. It is a fine thing for editors to have such thoughtful and liberal friends as Messrs. W. & Co.

THE extensive steam saw mill of the Messrs. G. & S. H. Longstaff, of Jersey, near Paducah, Ky., were wholly consumed by fire a few days ago.

To the Whigs of the Fourth District. We desire earnestly to urge upon the Whigs of this Congressional district the necessity of prompt and united action at the coming election. Col. Bramlette should have the full Whig vote it is certain that he will get none from the Democratic ranks. He deserves a cordial support, and we have no fear whatever but that the Whigs throughout the district are willing to give it to him—but we do fear that an over-confidence of success on their part will tend to give him but a small majority. This should not be the case. If ever there was a time when the Whigs of Kentucky should come up to the help of Whig men in all their might, the present is undoubtedly that time. Major Chrismann will get the entire support of his party; we hope the Whigs have enough of Democracy to expect nothing less than that such will certainly be the case. Then, let every Whig in the district feel himself personally called upon to do his full duty—let every one feel that the result depends upon his individual exertions, and act accordingly, and the majority for Col. Bramlette will be such an one as will do honor to him, and reflect the highest credit upon the Whigs of the district. But if, on the other hand, there is a feeling among the Whigs that their candidate will be elected without an effort on their part, they may in the small majority he will receive, or it may be in his defeat, find cause to regret their supineness and neglect of duty, when it is too late to remedy it.

## Pierce's Abolition Appointments!

Another Outrage upon the South!

President Pierce is showing his strong love for the Abolitionists, by appointing the most notorious of them to office.—Dix, the great leader of this unscrupulous and dangerous party, is the Sub-Treasurer at New York, by virtue of an appointment from the Northern man who professes Southern principles. Others equally conspicuous for their abolition views, have been the recipients of Presidential favors and bounties—and now the Presidential outrages all sense of propriety by giving an appointment of Mail Agent to Wm. J. Brown, another of his abolition allies, whose name has been rendered infamous by his unprincipled bargain and intrigue with David Wilmot, of proviso memory. This man Brown was a member of Congress in 1849—50, and becoming then a candidate for the Speakership of the House of Representatives, made a secret trade with the leaders of the abolition party if they would cast their votes for him, and he should be elected Speaker of the House, he would constitute the Committee on Territories in such a way as would be satisfactory to Wilmot and his friends. In other words, he promised to give the Abolitionists the majority of the Committee, so that they could apply the Wilmot Proviso to all Territorial bills, and thus give the North the whole of the new Territories. The price for this dis-honorable service was to be the abolitionists' votes for Brown. Brown had received 112 Lincoln votes for the Speakership on the next ballot would have received the abolition vote, and thus this infamous bargain became successful—but a suspicion prevailed in the House that a trade had been made. It was charged and denied by Brown. Then it was that the following correspondence was fished out of the pockets of this honest couple, (Davy and Bill):

DECEMBER 10, 1849.

Dear Sir.—In the conversation which I had with you this evening, you said for me to say that, if I elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, you would constitute the Committees on Territories, the Judiciary, and the District of Columbia, in a manner that should be satisfactory to myself and the friends with whom I have the honor to act. I have communicated this to my friends; and if, in reply to this note, you can give them the same assurance, they will give you a cordial and cordial support.

D. WILMOT.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 10, 1849.—I will state, that I will be elected Speaker of the House of Representatives. I will constitute the Committees on the District of Columbia, on the Judiciary, and on the District of Columbia, in a manner that should be satisfactory to myself and your friends.

I am a Radical, and have always been opposed to the system of slavery, and believe that the Federal Government should be relieved from the responsibility of slavery where they have the constitutional power to abolish it.

I am yours truly,  
W. M. J. BROWN.

Upon the reading of these letters, Brown received, as he justly deserved, the contempt of every honest and honorable man in Congress and the nation. But the President of the Union takes this man, reeking with infamy, and as an expression of his love for the abolitionists, appoints him to office. It was thought Brown had sunk so low that no hand could find him even in the morning of the resurrection; yet the President, in his zeal to promote abolition, has searched in the filth gutter, to which Brown had been consigned by the just indignation of the people of all parties, and, covered with filth as he is, appoints him to office.

ST. LOUIS POSTMASTER.—The Postmaster at St. Louis resigned his post some time since, to take effect on the 30th of June. About ten days since his resignation was returned to him, with a note from the Postmaster General, saying that it was not the intention of the President to make any change in the Post Office at St. Louis at present.

CANDIDATE FOR TREASURER.—Richard C. Wintersmith, Esq., is a candidate for re-election to the Office of State Treasurer. We presume he will have no opposition.

WE see it stated that William M. Murphy, of Mason county, Ky., has been appointed Special Mail Agent at large, for the district of which this State forms a part.

THE extensive steam saw mill of the Messrs. G. & S. H. Longstaff, of Jersey, near Paducah, Ky., were wholly consumed by fire a few days ago.

CLAY MONUMENT.—The Chairman of the National Clay Monument Association has issued a circular, urging upon every county committee to have prepared suitable boxes (one for every precinct of the county,) to be placed in charge of a special committee or active agents, who shall take his stand at the polls and call upon each and every voter casting his vote, to make a contribution to the Clay Monument Fund.

This request should be attended to. No Kentuckian can refuse to contribute according to his means, in order to assist in the erection of a fitting monument over the remains of Henry Clay.

THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.—On Monday, the President, accompanied by Secretaries Guthrie, Campbell and Davis, left Washington, for the purpose of attending the opening of the World's Fair. He was received with considerable pomp at Baltimore and Philadelphia.

W. E. Hughs, of the Louisville Democrat, has been appointed Local Mail Agent in Louisville, with a salary of near \$2,000.

The farmers in Taylor, Greene, Hart, Barren and Adair counties, cannot, under any circumstances, raise this year over one third of an average crop of Tobacco. In Cumberland, possibly, they will have about half a crop.

The flux is prevailing with considerable fatality in various portions of Jefferson county.

The route by railroad, all the way from Louisville to New York, has been opened.

LEXINGTON seems to have been visited by some daring scoundrels, who for the past week have been committing numerous thefts. On Wednesday night the grocery store of W. B. Emmal was entered by an outsider. The iron safe was carried into an alley and blown open with powder. The thieves obtained about \$25.

The paint shop of Mr. Snivars was also broken into and his paints and paintings destroyed.

BRANS.—"Squire Woods," a colored dandy well known to most of our citizens, showed us a few days ago, several beans raised by him during the present season, the pod of the longest of which measured two feet in length.

BANK DIVIDENDS.—The Farmer's Bank of Kentucky have declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent.

The Bank of Louisville has declared a dividend of 4 1/2 per cent. for the last six months.

THE LATE MURDER AT PARIS.—We mentioned last week that Thos. Williams, about sixteen years of age, was murdered on Saturday, the 21st, on the fair grounds near Paris, Ky., by a man named Hastings. It appears that he had been for some time rather ill, feeling existing between John Hastings and the father of young Williams, and on the 21st, during a mass meeting of the Sons of Temperance, Hastings commenced a quarrel with the boy by asking him if he had said that he (H) had stolen turkeys. The boy answered in the negative, but it seems this reply did not satisfy Hastings, who immediately called him a d—d liar. Young Williams remarked to Hastings that he knew he was unable to resent the insult, or he would not have given it. Hastings offered him a large cane to strike him, and while Williams was in the act of taking it, Hastings plunged a dagger in his left side, below the ribs, making a wound some four or five inches in depth. Williams died about two hours and a half after he was stabbed. Hastings was tried that evening, before Judge Samuels, and was committed to prison.

Such is the account in substance, given of this horrid affair by several of our exchanges.

WE learn from the Cincinnati Times, that a verdict of guilty was returned by the jury against William Kissane for making the forged check on the M. & T. Company Bank for \$7,321, and against Andrew Finley for uttering and publishing and causing the same to be uttered and published.

Findley absconded before the verdict was rendered.

Kissane was in court, but did not expect the verdict—he had dropped upon the table, and it was some time before he raised.

The rendering of the verdict was received by the immense concourse of spectators with loud applause.

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ON, OR SOUTH.—The Louisville Times, speaking of the Congressional canvass in this district, says that "if Chrisman is not elected, then will there be no use for brilliant talent to make an effort against the commonest sort of intellect."

That's rich, indeed so. How an editor with any thing but an india rubber conscience can accuse Maj. Chrisman of being possessed of such a rare commodity as "brilliant talent," we can't exactly understand. Why, the idea is so ridiculous, that we shouldn't be surprised if even the "prophetic" Major himself would laugh at it—for, by the way, the said Major is a man of at least too much sense to be humbugged by any such stuff as that put forth about him by the Louisville Times.

HORRIBLE SITUATION.—The Frankfort Commonwealth of last week says that the wife of William Ball, of Clarke county, was killed last winter by a shot through the head, which was then understood to have been accidental; the account, given by the husband, being that a child at play knocked down a loaded gun, which was standing in a corner of the room, and that in falling it was discharged and killed his wife, who was lying on the sofa. Suspicion has been born in some way excited, experiments, we understand, have been made with the gun, and the body of the wife disinterred and examined, and the result is a charge of murder against the husband. He was arrested a day or two ago in Woodford, where his friends reside, and where he has been most of the time since the death of his wife. He was to have a hearing before an examining court at Winchester, yesterday. The families of both wife and husband are highly respectable.

A new-born infant, naked and dead, was found on Second street, in Lexington, on Friday morning.

A hoghead of leaf tobacco, grown in Taylor county, was sold in Louisville on Friday at 10 1/2 per lb.

RUMORED RESIGNATION OF MR. BUCHANAN.—A despatch from Washington of the 11th, says: "The Intelligencer thinks that the rumor of the resignation of Mr. Buchanan, of the English mission, is correct."

THE Washington Republic says that in the Criminal Court of that city, last week, in the case of the Hon. George Briggs for an assault upon the Postmaster General, Mr. Hubbard, the court imposed a fine of fifty dollars for the offense.

STAMPED ENVELOPES.—The New York Tribune remarks that dissatisfaction with the stamped envelopes just issued by the General Post Office is very general. It arises from the fact that each of them bears on the back the card of Mr. G. F. Nesbit, of New York, the contractor by whom they are furnished. It is rumored that he is charged with conciliatory proposals, though it is not known what is the spirit of Turkish affairs since the last advices, and everything remains in *suspicio*, but with an approved feeling for peace.

PERSIA.—There has been an extraordinary earthquake, 12,000 persons were killed during one night. The plague had broken out in the city of Shiraz, and was making in that direction, by the way of Maragha.

The cholera was at Theran, and located at Isphahan.

PARIS, Friday.—Funds opened with a rise, but in consequence of a rumor of Turkey's invasion of the provinces, received a sudden check, and closed at a decline.

VIENNA, 14th.—Russia insists no longer on a special treaty with Turkey, but her demands are now confined to a guarantee in the form of a note.

AUGUST 1.—King Oho is armoring a squadron for the protection of Greek subjects, in case of an Oriental war.

SMYRNA, June 15.—The city of Shiraz, in Persia, was totally destroyed by an earthquake on the night of the 1st of May.

PARIS, Monday.—Private letters from J. Z. Mordavia, of the 17th, say that an extraordinary courier, from St. Petersburg, passed the day previous, on his way to Constantinople with another message, and a notice, if it was accepted in eight days, the Russian army would cross the frontier and commence hostilities.

A division of the Russian army, 40,000 strong, is already within two leagues of the Turkish frontier.

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